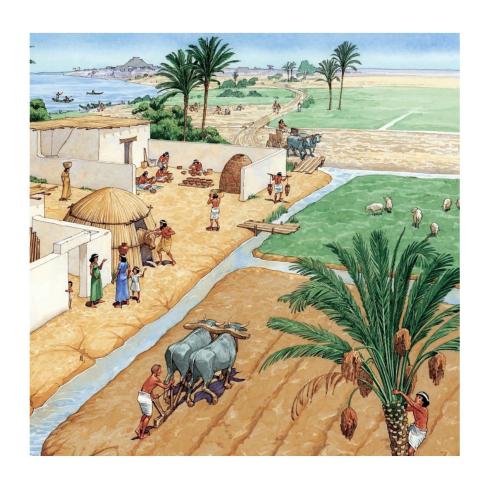


Agricultural



Pastoral





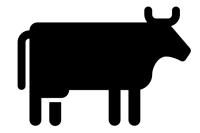


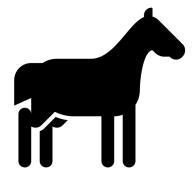




Differences between pastoral and agrarian societies

- Population size
- Social organization
- Mobility
- Military skills
- Relationship between agrarian and pastoral societies



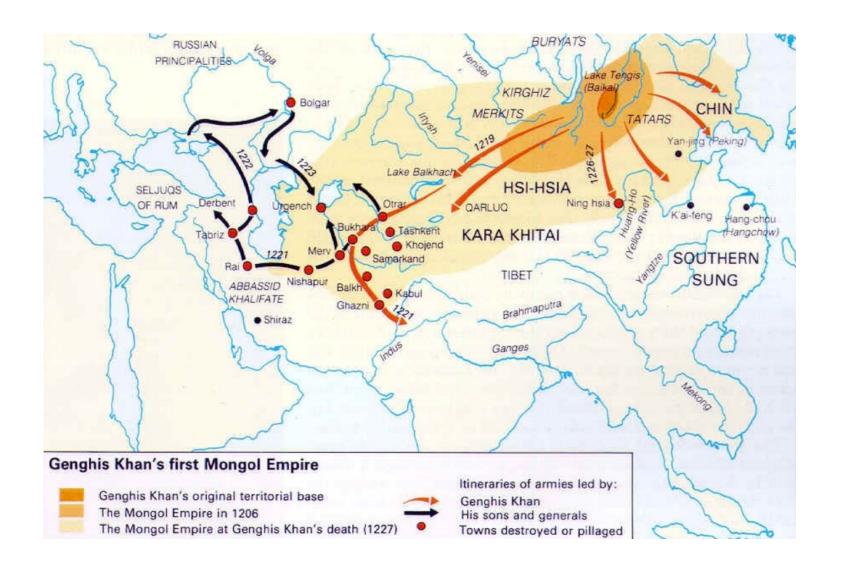




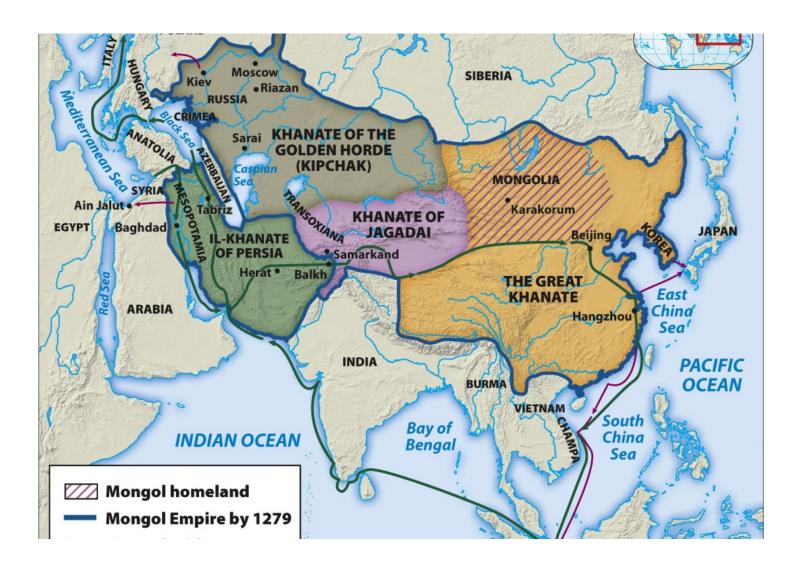
Chinggis Khan, 1167-1227

- Temujin
- 1196 united Mongol tribes
- 1206 Unsuccessful invasion of China
- 1222: Invades southern Russia
- 1227: Second invasion of China
- Chinggis (Genghis)Khan = "universal rulers"

Controlled Mongolia, northern China, Turkistan. Afghanistan, Persia, and Russia.



Expansion of Mongol empire



Mongol Empire after Chinggis Khan

Khublai Khan and the Yuan Dynasty (1279-1368)







How do we view the Mongols?

Mongols as destructive

Mongols as constructive



bloodthirsty

vicious

ruthless

Tartars

"people from Hell"





"These Mongols spared none, slaying women and men and children, ripping open pregnant women and killing unborn babes.... these Mongols conquered most of the habitable globe, and the best, the most flourishing and most populous part thereof... nor did any country escape their devastations which did not fearfully expect them and dread their arrival."

Ibn Al-Athir (1160–1233) wrote a history of the Islamic world from its beginnings to 1231.

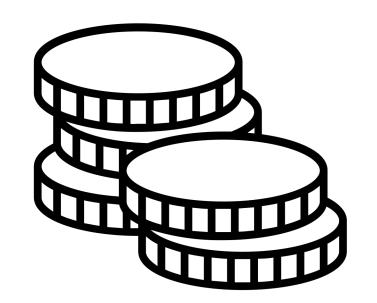
FEAR as a psychological weapon

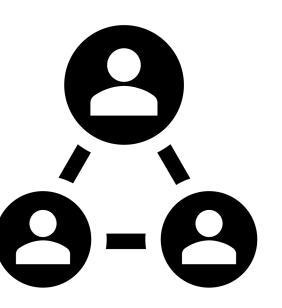
FEAR as a psychological weapon

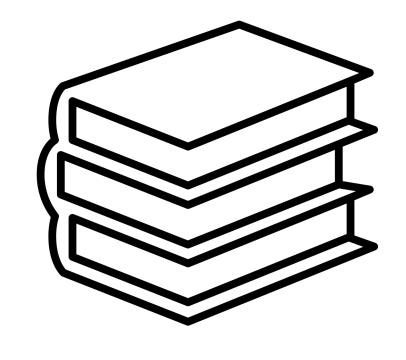
How do we view the Mongols?

Mongols as destructive

Mongols as constructive







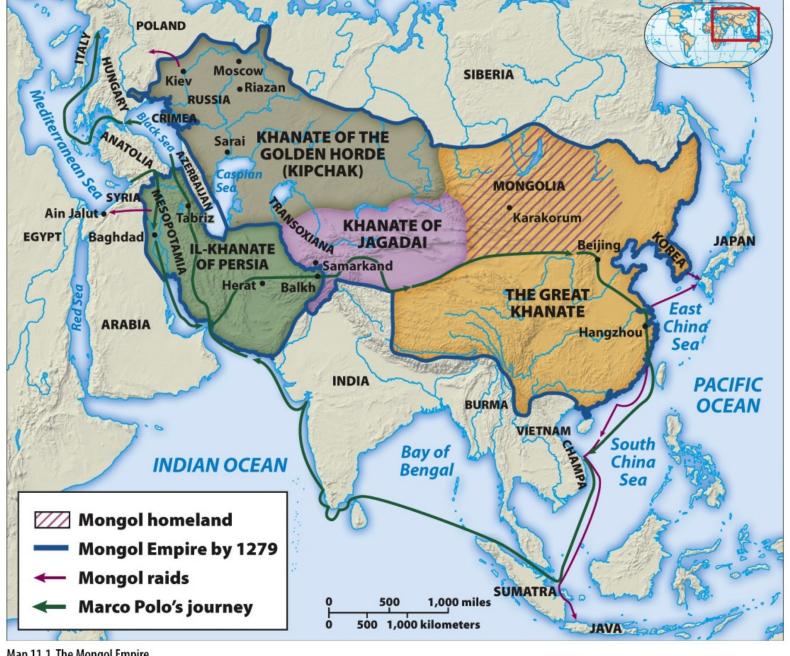
PAX MONGOLICA



Plural societies

- Example: Khublai Khan in China
- Attracted foreigners from all over the world
- Ex.: Marco Polo

Collapse of the Mongol Empire



Map 11.1 The Mongol Empire

Chapter 11, Ways of the World: A Brief Global History with Sources, Third Edition

Copyright © 2016 by Bedford/St. Martin's

Distributed by Bedford/St. Martin's/Macmillan Higher Education strictly for use with its products; Not for redistribution.